

GENOTYPING BY PCR PROTOCOL FORM

MUTANT MOUSE REGIONAL RESOURCE CENTER: UC DAVIS

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DNA Extraction Method: NaOH _____ Proteinase K _____ Other Any _____

Protocol: NAME OF PCR: **C57BL/6J-Sgk3^{m1Btr}/Mmcd (woolly), MMRRRC Strain #032233-UCD**

Reagent/ Constituent	Volume (uL)
DNA Sample	0.5 (50-100ng/ul)
10x Buffer (contains 15mM MgCl ₂)	2.5
dNTPs (stock concentration is 25mM)	0.5
Primer 1 (stock concentration is 20 uM)	0.5
Primer 2 (stock concentration is 20 uM)	0.5
Primer 3 (stock concentration is 20 uM)	
Primer 4 (stock concentration is 20 uM)	
Taq Polymerase	0.5
Additives if applicable:	
TOTAL VOLUME OF REACTION:	
	25 ul

Comments on protocol: Woolly genotyping is performed by amplifying the region containing the mutation using PCR, followed by sequencing of the amplified region to detect the single nucleotide transition. Use primers 1 & 2 for amplification and 3 & 4 for sequencing. The lab uses JumpStart[®] REDTaq[®] ReadyMix[®] (P1107- Sigma) 12.5 ul in a 25 ul reaction (includes Taq, buffer, dNTPs).

Strategy:

Steps	Temp (°C)	Time (min)	# of Cycles
1. Initiation/Melting HOT START?..CHECK HERE [x]	94	2	1
2. Denaturation	94	0.50	30
3. Annealing } steps 2-3-4 will cycle in sequence	56	0.50	30
4. Elongation	72	1	30
5. Amplification (i.e., 72°C, 10 min)	72	7	1
6. Finish (i.e., 4°C, indefinite)	4	n/a	n/a

Primers:

Primer Name	Nucleotide Sequence (5' - 3')
1: Woolly (F)	AAGGAATCGCTATTTCTGATACCACCAC
2: Woolly (R)	GGAAATGCCTGTATTAACATCATCCCCG
3: Woolly _seq (F)	CACAACTTTTGTGGTACACCAG
4: Woolly _seq (R)	GGGTGTCTATTTCTAAAACTGCC

Electrophoresis Protocol:

% Agarose: _____ V : _____

Estimated Running Time (min): _____

Primer combination	Band (kB)	genotype
(i.e. 1&2)	0.838	
(i.e. 3&4)		
(i.e. 1&2&3)		

The following sequence of 838 nucleotides (NCBI Mouse Genome Build 37.1, Chromosome 7, bases 9,875,785 to 9,876,632) is amplified:

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aaggaa tgcgtatttc tgataccacc
acaacttttt gtggtacacc agaggttaaga aatatgtctg atcattgata taatttataa
gatataaata caagtcatac cctacatcta cagaagaggt aaaataaaac ctgttagagc
tcccagcttt ctagggactt agagtgtaca gtgggtattt ttcactgggt gtgacagcct
caagacccaa ctcatTTgaa aatctagata gcacttcttt agtgtgagta acagtaccta
aaatttgTtc ccttttcaga tcctaaattg tgtcttTgtgt tTactgggct gctgtaatgt
ttccattttt tctgtagtac cttgcacctg aagtaatcag aaaacagccc tatgacaaca
ctgtggactg gtggTgcctg ggcgctgttc tgtatgagat gctgtacggg ctggtatgtg
tttctgttcc tcatTgtcca ctgcaccatt gatgacatag taattagtaa tcctgaagat
gcctaggtgg taccaacaat gccttgTtaa atgagTctga aaccatttta ggaatactta
cataaagaaa ggcttcatta ctttcaaaca ccaatatgta atttcggTgt tcctttaggc
atttcttggg gcagTtttag aaatagacac cCagtcacaa tgTtgaactt tgTtgtttcc
tttcatTTtg tttacatcag acatcacctg cctaatttcc gaaagatgga aataaaagag
ttttccgtta ttaacatatt gctattacgt cttagaagat gatgctttgg ggTTTTgcct
tccattctgt tttttcgggg atgagTtaat acaggcattt cc
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Primer binding sites are underlined; sequencing primer binding sites are highlighted in gray; the mutated T is indicated in red.